

DELARO
Version 4/NZ
Revision Date: 09.08.2022

102000010777 Print Date: 09.08.2022

# SECTION 1: IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

1.1 Product identifier

Trade name DELARO

**Product code (UVP)** 05907454, 81684685

1.2 Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Use Fungicide EPA-Nr. HSR100886

1.3 Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

**Supplier** Bayer New Zealand Limited

Crop Science Division B:HIVE Building 74 Taharoto Rd Smales Farm Takapuna Auckland, 0622 New Zealand

**Telephone** 0800 428 246

**Telefax** (09) 441 8645

1.4 Emergency telephone no.

**Emergency Number** 0800 734 607 (24hr)

Global Incident Response

Hotline (24h)

+1 (760) 476-3964 (Company 3E for Bayer AG, Crop Science Division)

# **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

#### 2.1 Classification of the substance or mixture

Classified as hazardous according to the criteria in the Hazardous Substances (Minimum Degrees of Hazard) Notice 2020 as amended

6.1 E

H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

6.9 B

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

9.1 A

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.



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#### 2.2 Label elements

## Labelling in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2020 as amended

Hazard label for supply/use required.





# Signal word: Warning **Hazard statements**

H333 May be harmful if inhaled.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H410 Very toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Precautionary statements**

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

P260 Do not breathe dust/fume/gas/mist/vapours/spray.

P308 + P311 IF exposed or concerned: Call a POISON CENTER/ doctor/physician.

P391 Collect spillage.

P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with local regulation.

# 2.3 Other hazards

No additional hazards known beside those mentioned.

# **SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

# 3.2 Mixtures

# Chemical nature

Suspension concentrate (=flowable concentrate)(SC) Trifloxystrobin/Prothioconazole 150:175 g/l

## **Hazardous components**

| Chemical name  | CAS-No.     | Conc. [%]             |  |
|--|-------------|-----------------------|--|
| Trifloxystrobin  | 141517-21-7 | 13.7                  |  |
| Prothioconazole  | 178928-70-6 | 16.0                  |  |
| Fatty alcohol polyglycol ether   | 61791-13-7  | > 5 - < 10            |  |
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-3(2H)-one   | 2634-33-5   | >= 0.005 - < 0.05     |  |
| reaction mass of 5-chloro-2- methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one and 2-methyl-2H-isothiazol-3-one (3:1) | 55965-84-9  | >= 0.00015 - < 0.0015 |  |
| 1,2-Propanediol  | 57-55-6     | > 1.00                |  |

#### **Further information**

| Trifloxystrobin                  | 141517-21-7 | M-Factor: 100 (acute), 10 (chronic) |
|----------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1,2-Benzisothiazol-<br>3(2H)-one | 2634-33-5   | M-Factor: 10 (acute)                |



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#### **SECTION 4: FIRST AID MEASURES**

# 4.1 Description of first aid measures

General advice Move out of dangerous area. Place and transport victim in stable

position (lying sideways). Remove contaminated clothing immediately

and dispose of safely.

Inhalation Move to fresh air. Keep patient warm and at rest. Call a physician or

poison control center immediately.

Skin contact Wash off thoroughly with plenty of soap and water, if available with

polyethyleneglycol 400, subsequently rinse with water. If symptoms

persist, call a physician.

Rinse immediately with plenty of water, also under the evelids, for at Eye contact

least 15 minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present, after the first 5 minutes, then continue rinsing eye. Get medical attention if irritation

develops and persists.

Ingestion Rinse mouth. Do NOT induce vomiting. Call a physician or poison

control center immediately.

#### 4.2 Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

**Symptoms** To date no symptoms are known.

# 4.3 Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

**Treatment** Treat symptomatically. In case of ingestion gastric lavage should be

considered in cases of significant ingestions only within the first 2 hours. However, the application of activated charcoal and sodium sulphate is always advisable. There is no specific antidote.

Contact the National Poisons and Hazardous Chemicals Information center in Dunedin, PO Box 913. Dunedin. Phone 0800 POISON (0800 764 766).

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

5.1 Extinguishing media

Suitable Use water spray, alcohol-resistant foam, dry chemical or carbon

dioxide.

Unsuitable High volume water jet

5.2 Special hazards arising

from the substance or mixture

In the event of fire the following may be released:, Hydrogen cyanide (hydrocyanic acid), Hydrogen fluoride, Carbon monoxide (CO), Carbon dioxide (CO2), Sulphur oxides, Nitrogen oxides (NOx)

5.3 Advice for firefighters

Special protective equipment for firefighters In the event of fire and/or explosion do not breathe fumes. Wear self-

contained breathing apparatus and protective suit.



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**Further information** Contain the spread of the fire-fighting media. Do not allow run-off from

fire fighting to enter drains or water courses.

# **SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

## 6.1 Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

**Precautions** Avoid contact with spilled product or contaminated surfaces. Use

personal protective equipment.

6.2 Environmental

precautions

Do not allow to get into surface water, drains and ground water.

#### 6.3 Methods and materials for containment and cleaning up

Methods for cleaning up Soak up with inert absorbent material (e.g. sand, silica gel, acid

binder, universal binder, sawdust). Collect and transfer the product

into a properly labelled and tightly closed container. Clean

contaminated floors and objects thoroughly, observing environmental

regulations.

6.4 Reference to other

sections

Information regarding safe handling, see section 7.

Information regarding personal protective equipment, see section 8.

Information regarding waste disposal, see section 13.

#### SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE

## 7.1 Precautions for safe handling

**Advice on safe handling** Use only in area provided with appropriate exhaust ventilation. Handle

and open container in a manner as to prevent spillage.

Advice on protection against fire and explosion

No special precautions required.

**Hygiene measures** Avoid contact with skin, eyes and clothing. Keep working clothes

separately. Wash hands immediately after work, if necessary take a shower. Remove soiled clothing immediately and clean thoroughly before using again. Garments that cannot be cleaned must be

destroyed (burnt).

# 7.2 Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Requirements for storage areas and containers

Store in original container. Keep containers tightly closed in a dry, cool and well-ventilated place. Store in a place accessible by authorized

persons only. Keep away from direct sunlight.

Advice on common storage Keep away from food, drink and animal feedingstuffs.

Suitable materials HDPE (high density polyethylene)7.3 Specific end use(s) Refer to the label and/or leaflet.



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## SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION

#### 8.1 Control parameters

| Components                | CAS-No.     | Control parameters         | Update  | Basis    |
|---------------------------|-------------|----------------------------|---------|----------|
| Trifloxystrobin           | 141517-21-7 | 2.7 mg/m3<br>(SK-SEN)      |         | OES BCS* |
| Prothioconazole           | 178928-70-6 | 1.4 mg/m3<br>(SK-ABS)      |         | OES BCS* |
| 1,2-Propanediol           | 57-55-6     | 10 mg/m3<br>(TWA)          | 07 2011 | NZ OEL   |
| (Particulate.)            |             |                            |         |          |
| 1,2-Propanediol           | 57-55-6     | 474 mg/m3/150 ppm<br>(TWA) | 07 2011 | NZ OEL   |
| (Vapor and particulates.) |             | . ,                        |         |          |

<sup>\*</sup>OES BCS: Internal Bayer AG, Crop Science Division "Occupational Exposure Standard"

#### 8.2 Exposure controls

#### Personal protective equipment

In normal use and handling conditions please refer to the label and/or leaflet. In all other cases the following recommendations would apply.

Respiratory protection

Respiratory protection is not required under anticipated

circumstances of exposure.

Respiratory protection should only be used to control residual risk of short duration activities, when all reasonably practicable steps have been taken to reduce exposure at source e.g. containment and/or local extract ventilation. Always follow respirator manufacturer's

instructions regarding wearing and maintenance.

Hand protection

Please observe the instructions regarding permeability and breakthrough time which are provided by the supplier of the gloves. Also take into consideration the specific local conditions under which the product is used, such as the danger of cuts, abrasion, and the contact time.

Wash gloves when contaminated. Dispose of when contaminated inside, when perforated or when contamination on the outside cannot be removed. Wash hands frequently and always before eating,

drinking, smoking or using the toilet.

Material Nitrile rubber
Rate of permeability > 480 min
Glove thickness > 0.4 mm
Protective index Class 6

Directive Protective gloves complying with EN

374.

Eye protection

Wear goggles (conforming to EN166, Field of Use = 5 or equivalent).

Skin and body protection

Wear standard coveralls and Category 3 Type 4 suit.

If there is a risk of significant exposure, consider a higher protective

Wear two layers of clothing wherever possible. Polyester/cotton or cotton overalls should be worn under chemical protection suit and

should be professionally laundered frequently.

If chemical protection suit is splashed, sprayed or significantly

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contaminated, decontaminate as far as possible, then carefully

remove and dispose of as advised by manufacturer.

**General protective measures** If product is handled while not enclosed, and if contact may occur:

Complete suit protecting against chemicals

# **SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

# 9.1 Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Form suspension

Colour white to beige

Odour weak, characteristic
Odour Threshold No data available

**pH** 5.0 - 7.0 (100 %) (23 °C)

Melting point/rangeNo data availableBoiling PointNo data available

Flash point > 100 °C

No flash point - Determination conducted up to the boiling point.

Flammability No data available

Auto-ignition temperature 385 °C

Minimum ignition energy No data available
Self-accelarating No data available

decomposition temperature

(SADT)

Upper explosion limit

Lower explosion limit

Vapour pressure

Evaporation rate

Relative vapour density

No data available

Water solubility dispersible

Partition coefficient: n-

octanol/water

Trifloxystrobin: log Pow: 4.5 (25 °C)

Prothioconazole: log Pow: 3.82 (20 °C) (pH 7)

Viscosity, dynamic 150 - 250 mPa.s (20 °C)

Velocity gradient 100/s

Viscosity, kinematic No data available

Oxidizing properties No data available



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Extremes of temperature and direct sunlight.

**Explosivity** Not explosive

92/69/EEC, A.14 / OECD 113

9.2 Other information Further safety related physical-chemical data are not known.

#### **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

10.1 Reactivity Stable under normal conditions.

10.2 Chemical stability Stable under recommended storage conditions.

10.3 Possibility of No hazardous reactions when stored and handled according to hazardous reactions prescribed instructions.

**10.5** Incompatible materials Store only in the original container.

10.6 Hazardous

10.4 Conditions to avoid

No decomposition products expected under normal conditions of use. decomposition products

#### SECTION 11: TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

# 11.1 Information on toxicological effects

Acute oral toxicity LD50 (Rat) >= 5,000 mg/kgAcute inhalation toxicity LC50 (Rat) > 2.189 mg/l

Exposure time: 4 h

Highest attainable concentration.

Acute dermal toxicity LD50 (Rat) > 4,000 mg/kgSkin corrosion/irritation No skin irritation (Rabbit)

Serious eye damage/eye

irritation

Slight irritant effect - does not require labelling. (Rabbit)

Respiratory or skin Skin: Sensitising (Guinea pig)

sensitisation OECD Test Guideline 406, Magnusson & Kligman test

#### Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – single exposure

Trifloxystrobin: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met. Prothioconazole: Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

# Assessment STOT Specific target organ toxicity – repeated exposure

Trifloxystrobin did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies. Prothioconazole did not cause specific target organ toxicity in experimental animal studies.

# Assessment mutagenicity



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Trifloxystrobin was not mutagenic or genotoxic in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

Prothio conazole was not mutagenic or genotoxic based on the overall weight of evidence in a battery of in vitro and in vivo tests.

#### Assessment carcinogenicity

Trifloxystrobin was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice. Prothioconazole was not carcinogenic in lifetime feeding studies in rats and mice.

# Assessment toxicity to reproduction

Trifloxystrobin caused reduced body weight development in offspring during lactation only at doses also producing systemic toxicity in adult rats.

Prothioconazole caused reproduction toxicity in a two-generation study in rats only at dose levels also toxic to the parent animals. The reproduction toxicity seen with Prothioconazole is related to parental toxicity.

# Assessment developmental toxicity

Trifloxystrobin caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Trifloxystrobin are related to maternal toxicity.

Prothioconazole caused developmental toxicity only at dose levels toxic to the dams. The developmental effects seen with Prothioconazole are related to maternal toxicity.

#### **Aspiration hazard**

Based on available data, the classification criteria are not met.

#### **Further information**

No further toxicological information is available.

## 11.2 Information on other hazards

# **Endocrine disrupting properties**

**Assessment** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

12.1 Toxicity

**Toxicity to fish** LC50 (Oncorhynchus mykiss (rainbow trout)) 0.125 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

Toxicity to aquatic invertebrates

EC50 (Daphnia magna (Water flea)) 0.126 mg/l

Exposure time: 48 h

LC50 (Mysidopsis bahia (mysid shrimp)) 0.00862 mg/l

Exposure time: 96 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient trifloxystrobin.

Toxicity to aquatic plants IC50 (Raphidocelis subcapitata (freshwater green alga)) 0.68 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

ErC50 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.03278 mg/l



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Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC10 (Skeletonema costatum) 0.01427 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient prothioconazole.

EC10 (Desmodesmus subspicatus (green algae)) 0.0025 mg/l

Growth rate; Exposure time: 72 h

The value mentioned relates to the active ingredient trifloxystrobin.

## 12.2 Persistence and degradability

**Biodegradability** Trifloxystrobin:

Not rapidly biodegradable

Prothioconazole:

Not rapidly biodegradable

**Koc** Trifloxystrobin: Koc: 2377

Prothioconazole: Koc: 1765

## 12.3 Bioaccumulative potential

**Bioaccumulation** Trifloxystrobin: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 431

Does not bioaccumulate.

Prothio conazole: Bioconcentration factor (BCF) 19

Does not bioaccumulate.

12.4 Mobility in soil

Mobility in soil Trifloxystrobin: Slightly mobile in soils

Prothioconazole: Slightly mobile in soils

# 12.5 Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

**PBT and vPvB assessment** Trifloxystrobin: This substance is not considered to be persistent,

bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

Prothioconazole: This substance is not considered to be persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic (PBT). This substance is not considered to be

very persistent and very bioaccumulative (vPvB).

# 12.6 Endocrine disrupting properties

**Assessment** The substance/mixture does not contain components considered to have

endocrine disrupting properties according to REACH Article 57(f) or Commission Delegated regulation (EU) 2017/2100 or Commission

Regulation (EU) 2018/605 at levels of 0.1% or higher.

#### 12.7 Other adverse effects

Additional ecological

information

No other effects to be mentioned.

# **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### 13.1 Waste treatment methods

**Product** Dispose of this product only by using according to the label, or at an

approved landfill or other approved facility.



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**Contaminated packaging** Triple rinse containers. Recycle if possible. If allowed under local

authority, burn if circumstances, especially wind direction permit, otherwise crush and bury in an approved local authority facility. Do not

use container for any other purpose.

## **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

This transportation information is not intended to convey all specific regulatory information relating to this product. It does not address regulatory variations due to package size or special transportation requirements.

#### ADR/RID/ADN

14.1 UN number 3082

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TRIFLOXYSTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es)

14.4 Packaging Group

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES Hazchem Code 3Z

**IMDG** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TRIFLOXYSTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III
14.5 Marine pollutant YES

**IATA** 

14.1 UN number **3082** 

14.2 Proper shipping name ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID,

N.O.S.

(TRIFLOXYSTROBIN, PROTHIOCONAZOLE SOLUTION)

14.3 Transport hazard class(es) 9
14.4 Packaging Group III

14.5 Environm. Hazardous Mark YES

# 14.6 Special precautions for user

See sections 6 to 8 of this Safety Data Sheet.

## 14.7 Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC Code

No transport in bulk according to the IBC Code.

# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

15.1 Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

**Further information** 



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HSNO approval-Nr. HSR100886

HSNO Controls See www.epa.govt.nz

ACVM Reg. P8953

ACVM Condition See www.foodsafety.govt.nz

#### **SECTION 16: OTHER INFORMATION**

#### Abbreviations and acronyms

ADN European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Inland Waterways

ADR European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by

Road

ATE Acute toxicity estimate

CAS-Nr. Chemical Abstracts Service number

Conc. Concentration

ECx Effective concentration to x %

EINECS European inventory of existing commercial substances

ELINCS European list of notified chemical substances

EN European Standard EU European Union

IATA International Air Transport Association

IBC International Code for the Construction and Equipment of Ships Carrying Dangerous

Chemicals in Bulk (IBC Code)
Inhibition concentration to x %

IMDG International Maritime Dangerous Goods

LCx Lethal concentration to x %

LDx Lethal dose to x %

**IC**x

LOEC/LOEL Lowest observed effect concentration/level

MARPOL: International Convention for the prevention of marine pollution from ships

N.O.S. Not otherwise specified

NOEC/NOEL No observed effect concentration/level

OECD Organization for Economic Co-operation and Development

RID Regulations concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Rail

TWA Time weighted average

UN United Nations

WHO World health organisation

The data given here is based on current knowledge and experience. The purpose of this Safety Data Sheet is to describe products in terms of their safety requirements. The above details do not imply any guarantee concerning composition, properties or performance of the product.

**Reason for Revision:** The following sections have been revised: Section 2: Hazards

Identification. Section 3: Composition / Information on Ingredients.

Section 12. Ecological information.

Changes since the last version are highlighted in the margin. This version replaces all previous versions.